

CCO Information Sharing of Aging and People with Disabilities Records

New Oregon laws specifically grant Coordinated Care Organizations (CCOs) the authority to share confidential information within their provider network and with the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) and Department of Human Services (DHS). These new state laws will increase the ability of CCOs to provide coordinated, whole-person care.

State law requires CCOs to use and disclose confidential member information. More information about how state laws require a CCO to share confidential member information can be found at:

<https://cco.health.oregon.gov/Pages/ResourcesCHA.aspx>.

For AAA/APD, ODDS/CDDP, CIIS and DD¹ brokerage programs:

Sharing information with coordinated care organizations:

Oregon Revised Statute 414.679 describes how information about members of CCOs may be used and disclosed. The statute specifically states that programs administered by DHS for seniors and people with disabilities shall use and disclose member information for:

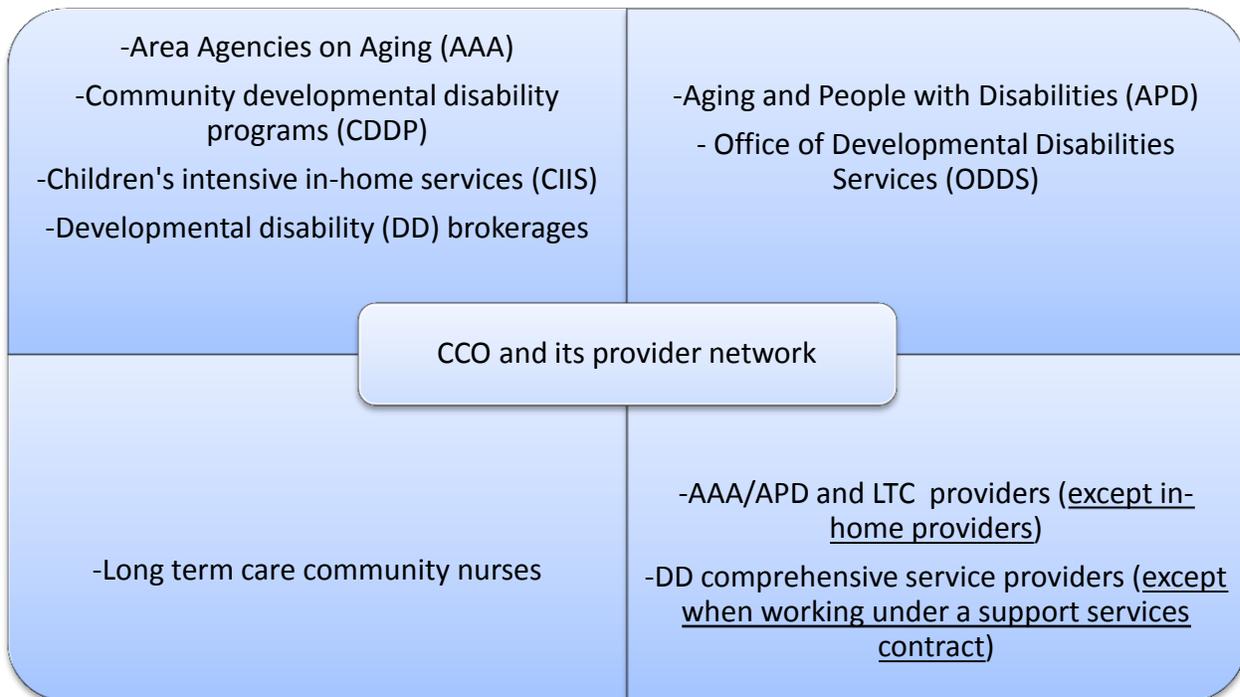
- Service and care delivery;
- Service coordination;
- Service planning;
- Transitional services; and
- Reimbursement.

When an individual who is a member of a CCO is receiving services through Aging and People with Disabilities or the Office of Developmental Disabilities Services, information regarding that individual can be shared as shown below.

¹ These acronyms are spelled out in the chart below.

DISCLAIMER

This summary is not intended as legal advice and should not be used as such. OHA and DHS employees with questions about this summary should contact the OHA Privacy Office. All others should consult with their legal counsel and privacy officer about application of these laws to their organizations.



** Note: Protected health information and other confidential information cannot be shared with a provider of in-home services without a release from the client when the provider is an employee or contractor of the individual receiving the in-home services. These providers may be home care workers, personal support workers, home care agencies, or DD support services providers (except brokerage staff).*

Most protected health information can be shared with a CCO, once it has been verified that the individual is a member of that CCO.

Entities may use and disclose sensitive diagnosis information, including HIV and other health and mental health diagnoses within the provider network. However, individually identifiable health information is still privileged and confidential and re-disclosure outside of the CCO and its provider network is subject to any applicable federal or state privacy requirements. There is a federal law that prohibits the use or disclosure of drug and alcohol records without client authorization. For more information about this federal law see <https://cco.health.oregon.gov/Pages/ResourcesCHA.aspx>.

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